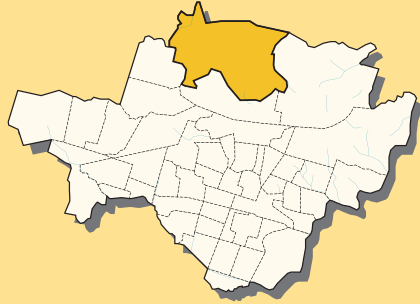


KADIPIRO ATLAS

What's happening in Kadipiro?

Kadipiro serves as Solo's gateway to coastal Java and cities such as Semarang. It is an area of growing industrial and residential development. Kadipiro is one of the largest Kelurahan in terms of both population and size.



Kadipiro's Location in Solo

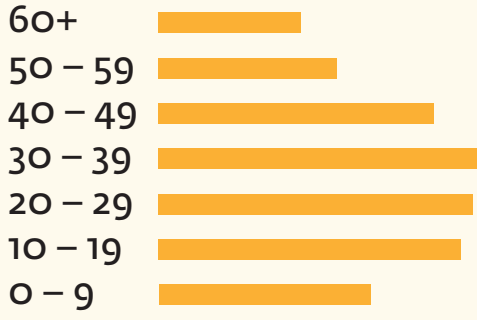
This Mini Atlas collects information about Kadipiro so everyone can see and understand what is going on. Information

KADIPIRO FAMILIES PROFILE

Population = 49,812
Households (HH) = 13,260
Average HH size = 3.8



Pop. by Age



about the condition of services can help people discuss what they want from the annual participatory budgeting process, *musrenbang*. Our goal is to make citizens more informed about their communities.

ASSETS

What are Kelurahan assets?

- ✓ Gateway to the city
- ✓ Job opportunities from new factories
- ✓ Open space for housing and development

What are potential issues?

- ✓ Pollution from new factories
- ✓ Drainage
- ✓ Need for more road infrastructure



Commerical Corridor in Kadipiro

Factories located in north Kadipiro bring job opportunities and spur growth for the city, but they can also cause pollution. They need to be well regulated.



KADIPIRO NEIGHBORHOOD MAP



LEGEND

- Kantor Kelurahan (Community Center)
- Masjid
- School
- Market
- Cemetery
- Railroad
- Area of Flooding
- River

SOURCE: UO Kelurahan Survey, Google Earth, Bakosurtanal
DATE: Aug. 2010
www.solokotakita.org

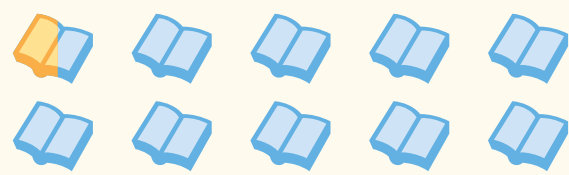
PROJECT SPONSORS:



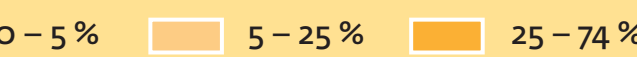
EDUCATION

Should local government prioritize building more schools?

OUT OF SCHOOL
6% of children

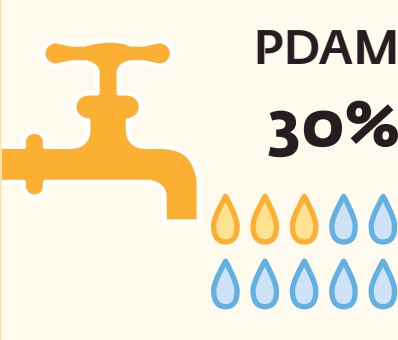


% AGE 7 - 18 NOT IN SCHOOL

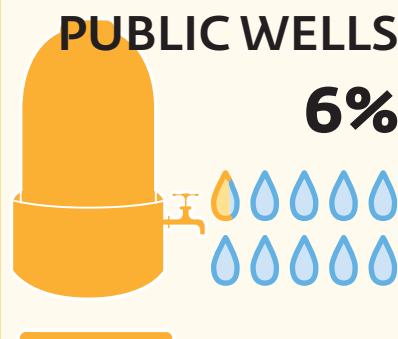


0 - 5 % 5 - 25 % 25 - 74 %

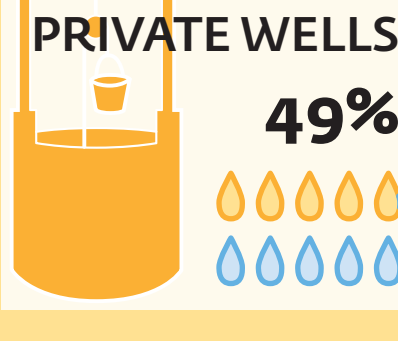
WATER



PDAM
30%



PUBLIC WELLS
6%

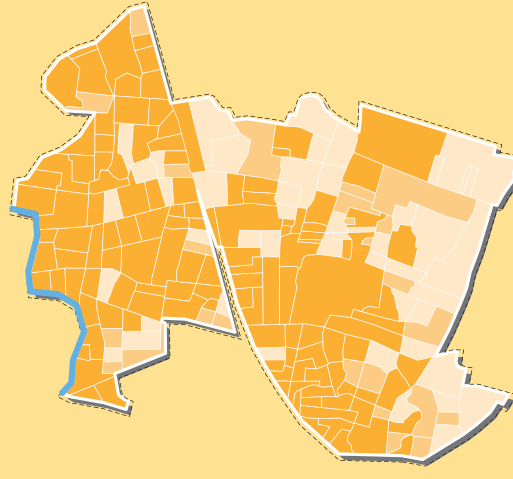


PRIVATE WELLS
49%

KEL. PUBLIC WELLS
KEC. PUBLIC WELLS



New housing built by developers in the east has PDAM infrastructure. In the west, well water use is high because groundwater quality is still good.

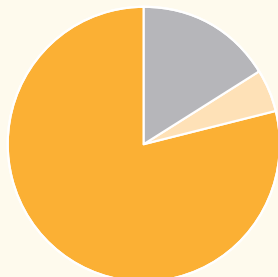


% HOUSEHOLDS WITH PDAM

0 - 32 % 32 - 50 % 50 - 100 %

SANITATION

PUBLIC versus
PRIVATE WC



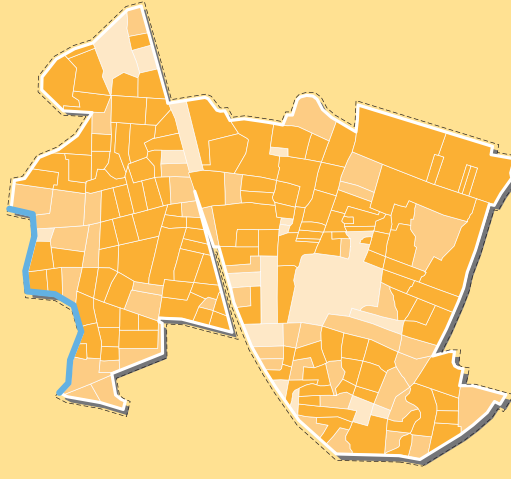
Public = 5%
Private = 79%
No Data = 16%



KEL. PUBLIC WC
KEC. PUBLIC WC



Four out of five families have private WC. This is an asset since private WC reduces health risks.



% HOUSEHOLDS WITH PRIVATE WC

0 - 50 % 50 - 74 % 74 - 100 %

HOUSING

How can more residents access land tenure? The percentage of families with land tenure is 53%, which is much lower than the Kec. average of 66%. Land tenure is important because it reduces vulnerability to the threat of eviction.

LAND TITLES =
53%

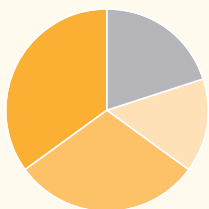


% HH WITH LAND TITLE

0 - 50 % 50 - 66 % 66 - 100 %

ECONOMY / POVERTY

TOP 4
OCCUPATIONS



Informal Sector - 15%
Traders - 30%
Laborers - 35%
Others - 20%

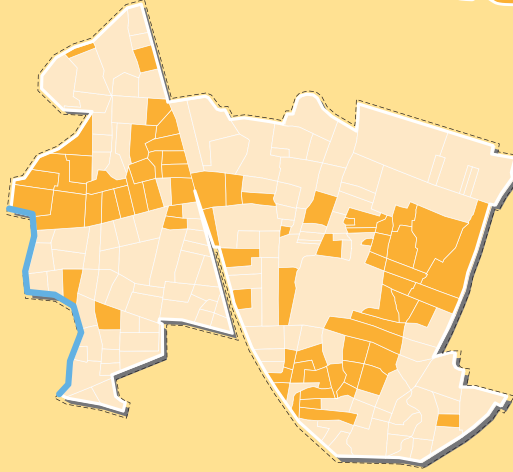


How can local government help residents take advantage of new job opportunities in Kadipiro?

POVERTY RATE = 14%

Poverty is lower than the Kecamatan rate, which is 16%.

KEL. POVERTY
KEC. POVERTY



% HOUSEHOLDS IN POVERTY

0 - 16 % 16+ %

HEALTH

COMMON
HEALTH
PROBLEMS

- 1 - Diarrhea
- 2 - Dengue
- 3 - ISPA



What health risks are residents concerned about?

Common health problems relate to the condition of air and water. Poor drainage leads to mosquito-borne disease.

TOP HEALTH ISSUES

- 1 - Health risks related to poor sanitation and mosquitoes along the river
- 2 - Flooding in central Kadipiro

